Welcome from the ESA Research Network 16 Chair

Dear Colleagues,

It is my great pleasure to introduce the Ninth issue of the ESA RN16 newsletter, the fifth of the new series renamed “Waves of Sociology of Health and Illness” or in short “Waves of RN-16”. Many thanks go to all who have contributed to its content and especially the newsletter co-editors Pietro Paolo Guzzo and Maria Świątkiewicz-Mosny for their efforts in collating what is going on in our field. You will see in this edition there is an interesting interview with Professor Ted Shrecker, from the University of Newcastle, UK, on the Neo-liberal Globalisation of Health and Illness Policies. He discusses the history of neo-liberal policies and their impact on global health and also notes, briefly, an alternative to these austerity policies. Also included is a short report of the ESA-Mid Term Conference “Health and Illness in the Neoliberal Era: Methodological Approaches” which was held in Turin between 18-20 April 2018 and a book review by Emilia Luigia Puli fiano of Gender Addictions and Web Society, edited by Pietro Paolo Guzzo et al. In addition there are announcements about other congresses, conferences and workshops and new publications in the sociology of health and illness by ESA members.

In particular please note the 14th ESA conference on Europe and Beyond: Boundaries, Barriers and Belonging in Manchester UK, 20-23 August, 2019. We hope that RN16 will have a strong presence in terms of sessions, and joint sessions with other RNs.

We also hope that you will contribute to the next issue of the Newsletter which is a special issue on Health, Illness and Inequality in the context of Rescaling European Welfare. The deadline for short papers (6 pages A4 format) on this topic is 15 November 2018.

The newsletter is of course only viable if you, the members of RN16, make contributions to or send in comments about current or future activities of relevance to the Research Network. We very much hope that you will continue to send in copy which we can publish in the newsletter. Finally, if your membership of the RN and the ESA is about to expire please do renew them. That way RN16 remains an influential force in the ESA and is more able to represent your interests. I look forward to seeing as many of you as possible in Manchester next summer!

- Jontahn Gabe
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Dear colleagues,

We are very pleased to present the Ninth Issue (Fifth of the New Series) of the Newsletter of the ESA Research Network on Sociology of Health and Illness, hereinafter renamed “Waves of RN-16”. In this Newsletter you will find the announcement of 14th ESA Conference 20-23 August 2019 Manchester (UK), a brief report of the RN-Board, on the last ESA RN-16 Mid Term Conference 18-20 April 2018 in Turin, an interesting interview on Neo-liberal Era of Global Health Policies with Ted Shrecker (Newcastle University) and several alerts on different events (Congress, etc.) in our scientific area. This newsletter aims to be a tool for future collaboration between researchers working in the field of the Sociology of Health and Illness in Europe. Thus is for this reason that we have some information about the current Publications of RN-16 ESA members. In this issue we also continue to present publications relevant to our field of interest that were published in a Journal. We offer also a special opportunity for PhD students and young researchers to publish (on line) short article (see Call page 22) on a Special Issue (supplement) of Waves, scheduled in the early 2019.

Your collaboration is essential for our newsletter therefore we invite you to share your ideas or suggestions about our future activities. Please feel free to email us at the address below.

We would also like to invite you to renew your membership for RN-16 and ESA, as this is vital for the success of our Research Network, namely in the planning of future events and activities.

---- Enjoy the reading!
All the best,
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Welcome from the RN-16 Newsletter Co-Editors

Maria Świątkiewicz-Mosny

Pietro Paolo Guzzo

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Jonathan GABE is Professor in Sociology, Royal Holloway University of London, United Kingdom. His research focuses on pharmaceuticals, chronic illness and health care organization. He was an editor of the Journal of Health and Illness twice, between 1994-2000 and 2006-2012. Since 2013 he has been chair of the Foundation for Sociology of Health & Illness. Before becoming chair of the RN16 he was President of International Sociological Association RC15, Sociology of Health, Co-Editor of the Journal Sociology of Health and Illness. 

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Continued on next page
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Continued on next page
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Lin LOMBARDI is Adjunct professor in Sociology, Sociology of Health and Medicine at the University of Milan, senior researcher and project manager at the Fondazione ISMU - Initiative e studi sulla multietnicità (Initiatives and Studies on Multietnicity), Health and Welfare Dpt. From 2008 to 2017 she has been President of the Associazione BLIMUNDE - Scuola di donne in salute e medicina (Women’s View on Health and Medicine). Gender, Health, Migration and Social Policies are the main fields of her studies, with special attention on Mediterranean countries. Since 1989 she has been carrying out comparative researches on health and reproductive health by a gender and cultural perspective, with focuses on reproductive technologies and migration processes. For the Fondazione ISMU, she is currently project manager and coordinator of two international projects (1. “PROVIDE - Proximity On Violence: Defence and Equity” JUST/2016/Action grants; 2. SWIM “Safe Women in Migration”. Strengthen GBV protection for migrant and asylum seeker women. JUST/2016/Action grants) and of one national project (START - Servizi socio-sanitari: Trasversali di Accoglienza per Richiedenti Asilo e Titolari di protezione internazionale). She also had teaching and research experiences abroad: UBA - Universidad de Buenos Aires (1993); Beirut and South Lebanon (2009-2015); UNC - Universidad Nacional de Cordoba, Argentina (2018). In 2008 she received the “Excellence in Teaching Award” from The University of California, Study Center of Padua

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THEME
In encouraging presenters and other conference participants to think BEYOND EUROPE we wish to consider contemporary developments, processes, practices and subjectivities not only through the lens of Europe and European sociology, but also as central to the development of sociology, or sociologies, for the present and the future. We cannot and should not ignore the factors which are re-shaping Europe from within, such as the effects of globalization, nationalism, populism and migration and, of course, ‘Brexit’. However, it is also crucial that we continue to look towards the possibilities of a global sociology which also takes account of the local without being parochial.

BOUNDARIES
and boundary making spans the sociological spectrum, from how we create and reinforce the markers of distance and difference in social interaction, through the ways in which communities and groups are divided from each other by ethnicity, class, gender, sexual orientation and other dimensions of inequality. Boundaries are underlined through the extreme divisions of our living conditions: homelessness, ghettos and gated communities. Divisions are being reinforced between citizens and non-citizens as well as between Europe and the rest of the world. Social, symbolic and material boundaries affect us all.

We will also explore the Barriers which reinforce these boundaries: barriers to movement, whether for asylum, migration, work or education; barriers to reflection and understanding; barriers to better living conditions; barriers to cooperation and empathy; barriers created through politics and policy – intended and unintended.

BELONGING is an increasingly contested idea, reinforced as nationality through populism and the far right, disrupted by war, violence, racism and other forms of rejection. It is also created and re-created in communities of necessity and choice and through intimacies, transformations of the self, and our understandings of home. New types of belonging are emerging through virtual networks and communities which challenge both traditional and sociological thinking.

The 14th ESA conference will offer opportunities to engage not only with the content of sociological research and theorizing, but also with the ways in which our discipline has been and is being shaped, both in and beyond Europe. Where are the boundaries of the discipline? How can we address barriers to its development both inside and outside of academia? What does it mean to belong to the community of sociologists?

We are sure that the conference will give a wide range of sociologists, other academics, practitioners and fellow travelers, an excellent opportunity to present and engage with research and scholarship and also to explore the potential influence of sociology in the public sphere. The conference theme calls for thinking in new ways about persistent inequalities, for challenging dominant discourses and for taking a fresh look at abstract concepts in order to better understand how sociology can contribute, both in theory and practice, to the unmaking and rethinking of ‘boundaries’ and ‘barriers’ and to understanding ‘belonging’.


VENUES: The University of Manchester; Manchester Metropolitan University Manchester Central, the city’s own conference centre (a historic railway station) The venues are all within walking distance of each other.

CALL FOR PAPERS: PLANNED FOR DECEMBER 2018
The Conference was held in Turin from 18th - 20th April 2018 in the splendid setting of the University of Turin at the Department of Cultures, Politics and Society, in fruitful collaboration with the "Sociology of Health and Medicine" section of the AIS (Italian Association of Sociology) chaired by Prof. Mario Cardano. Many thanks for the impeccable organization and the warm hospitality. The day before the Conference (17th April 2018), a PhD Workshop was held, organized also by ISA RC15 and ESHMS for the Global Health Network. During the workshop, a group of PhD students and candidates who work in the field of Health and Illness presented empirical contributions, conducted at a global, European, national or local level. After the brilliant Opening lecture of Prof Cardano, the workshop focusing on methodology and precious advices and suggestion for publishing on sociological journal (closing lecture of Prof. Annandale). The subsequent day, after the illuminating reports of key note speakers (see photos), there were 11 session (including 4 doubles) in which 68 papers and 6 PhD papers were presented (see table 1).

Fig. 1 - the key note speakers of Conference
Here the table of abstract received for all session:

Table 1 - Session and abstract

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Session</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>#abstract</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_a</td>
<td>“Body and Health” (double session) – Chairs: Lia Lombardi &amp; Antonio Maturo</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_b</td>
<td>“Health Organizations and Policy” (double session) - Chairs: Jon Gabe &amp; Arianna Radin; Angela Genova &amp; Jon Gabe</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_c</td>
<td>“Health In Custodial Institutions” – Chairs: Mario Cardano &amp; Luigi Gariglio</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_d</td>
<td>“Health Inequalities” (double session) - Chairs: Marco Terraneo, Carla Moretti</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_e</td>
<td>“Health Professionals” – Chair: Arianna Radin</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_f</td>
<td>“Health And Spirituality”– Chair: Maria Swiatkiewicz-Mosny</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_g</td>
<td>“Health Technologies and Biomedicine” (double session)- Chairs: Linda Lombi &amp; Antonio Maturo, Lia Lombardi</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_h</td>
<td>“Illness Narrative And Narrative Medicine” - Chairs: Cristina Lonardi &amp; Roberto Lusardi</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_i</td>
<td>“Health In Adulthood And Elderly” (yet “Ageing”) – Chairs: Cristina Lonardi &amp; Roberto Lusardi</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_j</td>
<td>“Mental Health ” (double session) – Chairs: Mario Cardano, Luigi Gariglio, Arianna Radin</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rn16_k</td>
<td>“Chronic Illness And Integrated Care” - Chairs: Jon Gabe &amp; Pietro Paolo Guzzo</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PhD_g1</td>
<td>PhD Workshop G#1 –Discussants: Jon Gabe &amp; Angela Genova</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PhD_g2</td>
<td>PhD Workshop G#2 – Discussants: Mario Cardano &amp; Cristina Lonardi</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Total 74

The number of abstracts received for each session was a sign of the wide participation of a large number of scholars and researchers across Europe.

The auditorium is wide: 91 participants +6 PhD students of the workshop; 32 PhD students/ early researchers + 41 ESA or AIS members + 18 non Members. The conference discussed the configuration of health and illness in the neoliberal era in Europe. The many Conferences participants extensively analyzed the impact of neoliberalism on the social construction of health and illness at three main levels: macro level in terms of European or national health policy, health care organizations and systems; meso level considering sub-national policy and the institutional level (regional or local health policy and practice), micro level considering the impact on the individual level from the point of view of patients and their family as well as the health care professions. The overwhelming majority of the papers received addressed...
The effects of neoliberalism on health and illness discourses in Europe. Many abstracts offered a comparative European perspective, with global, national or local studies.

Fig. 4 - The hall of Venue: Cultures, Politics, and Society Department of Turin University

Many thanks to all RN-16 and AIS session organizers and members for attending the conference.

Some organizers of the Conjoint Conference:
Angela Genova (ESA RN16), Pietro Paolo Guzzo (ESA RN16), Mario Cardano (AIS SALUTE), Jon Gabe (ESA RN16), Arianna Radin (ESA RN16); Linda Lombi (AIS SALUTE), Lia Lombardi (ESA RN16).
This book is an interprofessional perspective on addictions in the web society through an Italian gender lens and their thought and urgent challenges. Recent studies and professional practices on the addiction's phenomenology require an interdisciplinary (bio-psycosocial) approach and a deep and continuous inter-professional work. The mainstream research on this topic has shown that gender influences addictions in terms of clear neuro-chemical differences between men and women, especially in the use and abuse of psychoactive substances. Studying addictions using a sociological gender perspective is equivalent to providing effective tools in the prevention and contrast of addictions from psychoactive substances, behaviors, and relationships. These tools are capable of evaluating biological differences (the different neuro-chemical reactions of men and women to psychoactive substances) and social (the individual and collective consequences of the different gender social roles and their actions and experiences) and, above all, their intertwining. This key book offers a fresh Italian look at some dimensions of the gender social matrix of the addictions (drugs, alcohol, gambling, internet, sex, food, work, sport, stalking, co-dependencies, web-based treatments) and some best practices of gender-oriented interventions by public services for dependencies of Health Authorities in Italy, especially in the Central-Southern Italy.

So from different points of view (medicine, sociology, law, psychology, social work, pedagogy, etc.) the 34 authors of the book illustrate why and how gender serves to produce dependency cultures and not vice versa (Measham, 2002). As clearly emerges from the text of this interesting and well-organized book, using a sociological lens the gender dimensions of addictions (from substances, behaviors, relationships), appear as cultural tools for the social exhibition of new gender role identities linked to some individual and collective illness experience. All twenty contributions of the book try to elaborate adequate preventive and/or therapeutic strategies on the basis of the differences between men and women and the relations between the genders in terms of different:

a) habits and causes of the consumption of substances;

b) habits and causes generating dependency behaviors / relationships that can compromise health;

c) mechanisms of establishing dependencies on substances, behaviors, relationships;

d) motivations and abstinence process;

e) experiences, situations and needs;

f) media representations of addictions (individual, group, social, media).

This publication is the second issue of a multi-year research study (2014-2018) conducted, through book Editors, by the Observatory of the Provincial Health Authority of Cosenza, as part of the “Dialogos” Project of the Calabria Region, financed with the National Anti-Drug Fund (Law No. 45 of 1990). The first extract of the research, The future of public services of dependence between consumers socially integrated into the web society, (Guzzo and Fiorita 2016) has already been published in the n.2 / 2016 of Health and Society, the most prestigious Italian journal of sociology of health and disease. Both volumes originate from the fruitful conference “Salute e dipendenze di genere al Sud. Teorie e buone prassi nella web society”, organized by the same Observatory of Addictions with the Political and Social Science Department of the University of Calabria, in November 7th - 8th 2014. However, this is not a volume of proceedings on a subject in Italy still on the border, but on the meditative synthesis of a fruitful debate continued for years at a distance between scholars, researchers and addiction service professionals.
In fact the twenty essays, whose contents have been widely reworked for the occasion of the publication, offer new theoretical perspectives and intervention on issues such as gambling, new addictions from the internet and food, alcohol, work, sports, over a series of experiences of gender-oriented projects carried out in the South and in the rest of Italy. The book includes various aspects of gendering addictions including theoretical models, the potential impact of gender and web-based treatment (in some case also with Artificial Intelligence), networks of services and systems for the observation (socio-epidemiology Observatories), gender-oriented experiences, research and intervention in the different types of Italian health and social services (public agencies and Third Sector), the role of gender stereotypes in the newspapers social construction of addictions and, finally, research questions for future development.

This and other topics and have been covered appropriately. The book gives overviews of some of the understanding, treatment and control strategies of gender addictions needed in community as well as in hospital. The important area of co-dependencies, clearly discussed in a special chapter, requires further study and research, especially from the point of view of the web-based treatment of gender addictions. It is necessary to deepen the role of specific web-based intervention systems in the identification of a new target of gender technological dependencies. In addition to these chapters on specific topics, the book compares and summarizes the opinions of scholars and professional experts.

The interaction between academic researchers and experienced professionals is very interesting. Overall, this is a complete publication on the subject and should be a useful source for a better understanding of the mechanisms of emergence and diffusion of gender dependencies and to formulate effective prevention and control strategies. Developing and implementing a gender-oriented policy for addiction is a collective and inter-professional responsibility.

References
Bauman Z. (2013), "Prolusione al Convegno FeDeRSerd (Federazione Italiana degli operatori dei dipartimenti e servizi delle dipendenze) in La Società dipendente [Keynote-address FeDeRSerd Conference (Italian Federation of Dependency Departments and Services Operators) in The Addicted Society], Camera dei Deputati, Roma, October.
Ted Shrecker is a political scientist who moved from Canada to take up a position at Durham University in June, 2013 before transferring to Newcastle University with colleagues from Durham's School of Medicine, Pharmacy and Health. His research interests focus on the political economy of health inequalities, neoliberal globalisation, and issues at the interface of science, ethics, law and public policy. Earlier in his working life, he spent many years involved with environmental policy and law as a legislative researcher, academic and consultant. A reasonably complete listing of his publications over the last 20 years or so appears under the 'publications' tab on his web page (below).

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In Conversation with...Ted Shrecker

Neo-liberal Globalization of Health and Illness Policies

By Pietro Paolo Guzzo and Maria Świątkiewicz-Mośny

In this issue of Waves, we focus on the effects of Neoliberal policies in Health and Illness in the Neo-liberal Era, with special reference on the impact of these policies on European healthcare systems. We discuss this emergent social issue with Ted Schrecker, Professor of Global Health Policy at the University of Newcastle. He presented at ESA-AS Mid Term Conference of Turin (Italy) a brilliant and perspicuous key-note lecture and we thank him very much for taking time to answer some questions about this topic.

Waves: «Professor Schrecker, could you describe neoliberal policies?»

Shrecker: «As my colleague Clare Bambra and I argued in our book on ‘neoliberal epidemics’, there are three core propositions of neoliberalism: (a) Markets are the normal, natural, and preferable way of organizing most forms of human interaction; (b) The primary function of the state is to ensure the efficient functioning of markets, although this does not necessarily mean a ‘rolling back’ of state functions; and (c) Those who advocate redistributive policies must justify their positions against a ‘baseline’ outcome that would be generated by a market functioning as markets are supposed to in microeconomics textbooks. I have since concluded that we should add a fourth proposition: (d) Those who cannot ‘pay their way’ represent a disposable population, whose health and wellbeing can be treated as collateral damage from the larger neoliberal project of economic and social restructuring…..».

Waves: «How long ago were these policies launched and in which context?»

Shrecker: «To oversimplify a bit, one can map a trajectory that leads from the establishment of the Mont Pèlerin Society in 1947; through the well funded diffusion of core neoliberal propositions by way of a variety of think tanks and university institutes, including the neglected influence of actors on the far right of the US corporate ruling class starting in the 1950s; to the post-1973 influence of neoliberal cadres in Chile, the structural adjustment programmes (SAPs) promoted by the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund; the elections of the Thatcher and Reagan government; and, much more recently, the austerity programmes that have been adopted by many governments after the financial crisis, despite advice from multiple Nobel laureate economists and, recently, the International Monetary Fund itself that these are counterproductive and delay economic recovery rather than advancing it. »

Continued on next page
Waves: «What is the actual main impact of these policies on Global health?»

Shrrecker: «Depends on the context. An expanding body of multi-country studies of SAPs consistently shows negative effects on health. In Europe, we are now seeing the early consequences of post-2008 austerity in the form of rising economic inequality, insecurity, and (in some countries) suicide rates. As David Stuckler and Sanjay Basu put it, austerity kills, and if post-2008 austerity policies were a clinical trial they would have been abandoned long ago because of this fact. The most serious impacts are likely to be longer-term, if not intergenerational».

Waves: «How do these policies shape the European Health Care System today?»

Shrrecker: «My work focuses mainly on social determinants of health rather than health systems, but it is worth noting that after eight years of austerity, every serious observer in the United Kingdom now agrees that the National Health Service is in a state of crisis, and the Treasury feels it has to offer private medical insurance to recruit candidates for top positions in the Bank of England.»

Waves: «What type of studies and research do these policies today require? Do you favour specific empirical (quantitative / qualitative) or theoretical orientations?»

Shrrecker: «I am not sure that most research will make a difference, since I agree with David Harvey that neoliberalism is about the restoration of class power, and that point is well understood by those in control of the relevant policies – many of which lie entirely outside health systems. The track record of austerity teaches us that public finance is a public health issue! Probably most important is research on the politics of health inequalities, and on why it is so difficult to get them on the policy agenda even in formally democratic states that still have a progressive political formation. (The United Kingdom is a case in point, with the Labour Party studiously ignoring health inequalities.) And the number of those states is shrinking!»

Waves: «Could you describe some actual remedies for overcoming these effects?»

Shrrecker: «First, do no harm. An end to austerity, financed by more progressive taxation and aggressive pursuit of tax avoidance and evasion, is an essential first step. If that doesn’t happen, nothing else will make much of a difference. More detailed policy prescriptions would take up far more space than you have…».

Waves: «What is the role of ideas, values and ideologies in this direction?»

Shrrecker: «Critical. Neoliberalism ‘works,’ in large measure, by convincing people that – as Thatcher infamously put it – there is no alternative. Stephen Gill refers to this as neoliberal common sense. And it now pervades much of our working and personal lives, including the university. Think how often we are told to make a ‘business case’ for new university initiatives…».

Waves: «What do you think about the quality of work presented in the ESA Rn16-Mid Term Conference of Turin?»

Shrrecker: «Superb, although much of the work skirted or avoided the big questions about power in society. Younger academics, in particular, have been socialized to avoid these as the price of survival and career progress … and I don’t see that changing.»

Waves: «What kind of suggestions could you offer to younger sociologists interested to study the neoliberal policies in Europe and in rest of the World?»

Shrrecker: «Don’t do it. If you want to maintain your integrity, you will have much more impact as an investigative journalist.»

Waves: «Could you give some bibliographic suggestions on this topic?»

Shrrecker: «These appear below.»
Waves: «Thank you very much, Professor Schrecker, for taking the time to answer our questions. Good work».

Selective bibliography

Medical sociology is the study of the societal dimensions of health and medicine and it provides an analytical framework for understanding the social contexts of health, illness and health care. Central topics include the subjective experience of health and illness, political, economic and environmental circumstances fostering ill health. Illness is a particular abnormal condition, a disorder of a structure or function that affects part or all of an organism. It is an unhealthy condition of a body or mind.

- Causes of Illness
- Social class and inequality
- Sickness
- Social construction of Illness
- Causes of Health Inequalities

For more details see: https://medicalsociology.conferenceseries.com/

Let us meet again @ Medical Sociology 2018, Dallas, USA
ICHMS 2019 : 21st International Conference on Health and Medical Sociology
Sydney, Australia
February 27 - 28, 2019
https://waset.org/conference/2019/02/sydney/ICHMS/committees

12th European Public Health Conference 2019
Building bridges for solidarity and public health
SISS is a scientific society that gathers academic and professional sociologists engaged in the study of issues and in the implementation of activities concerning health, well-being, quality of life, humanization of care, social and health services, health professions, social and health care, etc.

Established in 2002, in its sixteen years of life has pursued the objective of addressing the issues mentioned above and to disseminate the sociological knowledge of reference by integrating the theoretical and research aspects with those of operational practice, concrete experimentation and reflexivity on the experience.

Organized in macro territorial areas (North, Center, South and Islands), representative of the Italian reality, the association proposes activities and initiatives of study, research, study and training that may concern international, national or local contexts.

Some recent activities are mentioned:

- Seminar entitled "Salutogenic paradigm: The role of the Health Sociologist and other strategic professions ", Florence, 21 April, 2018
- Training event entitled "The evolution of health systems 40 years after the establishment of the National Health Service", Salerno, 8 June 2018, 2018.

The end-of-mandate conference, entitled "The sociologist of health between new challenges and unresolved issues” (see below) is being prepared for next autumn.

It will take place in Bologna, on 19th and 20th October 2018.

For more details see the SISS website: [http://www.sociologiadellasalute.org/](http://www.sociologiadellasalute.org/)
New publications of ESA Members

Lia Lombardi

This issue aims to provide a critical analysis of the development of ART (Assisted Reproductive Technologies) through a comparative investigation of different empirical studies in some countries in Europe, Africa and the USA. The authors investigate the impact of ART on social and family structures, gender relationships, parenting and parenthood, and legal and political approaches through different perspectives the medicalization of human reproduction and gender differences, and politics of ART. In this perspective ART is intended as a crossroads of analysis in which different disciplinary areas and geopolitical contexts interact, in order to investigate the impact the impact of ART on legal and policy issues, on reproductive culture, on family structure, on gender and on generational relationships. The questions behind this volume concern the aspects that are still central in the national and international debate: reproductive and individual rights; social inequalities that intersect with gender and health inequalities; the development of biomedicine and biotechnologies and their impact on social change affecting gender and generational relationships, family structures, law and policies; the space and time of reproduction, which is increasingly distant from physiological times and traditional private spaces.

Lia Lombardi

Discussing human reproduction between health, gender and medicine means putting it at the center of reflection and analysis of social changes in recent decades. This is in fact the proposal of the book that collects and organizes twenty years of research and studies of the author on reproductive health (conception, birth, abortion, reproductive technologies and medicalization of reproduction) as an indicator of development and well-being, revealing processes of transition and change of structures and relationships between genders and generations. The volume offers a reading of social reproduction, and places reproductive health in a key dimension of the analysis of life courses, the medicalization process of reproduction and daily life, the rights of citizenship of welfare policies and the system of inequalities, - social, health and gender. The course takes place exploring the theoretical foundations of classical sociology, gender studies, of the sociology of health and medicine, in a global and gender-sensitive perspective, in which migratory processes and migrant women play a central role.

Pietro Paolo Guzzo, Antonietta Fiorita, Maria Francesca Amendola.

Today more and more men and women "play" dependencies in terms of gender identities (gendering addiction). The questions that arise from this are many: how gender influence the genesis and spread of old and new forms of dependencies in the web-society? What theories about gender dependencies (from psychoactive substances, from behaviors, relationships) can be distinguished? What experiences and gender-oriented interventions exist in public agencies for services against addictions, especially in the South of Italy? The volume address these and other questions in intense debate among researchers, scholars and professionals in the field of addictions in the aftermath of a special Conference "Health and Gender Addictions in the South", organized by Addiction Observatory of Provincial Health Authority of Cosenza, in the context of "Dialogos" Project (3d year), financed by the Region Calabria (FNLD L.45/1990 funds) in 2014. This key book reconstructs some dimensions of gender social matrix of today's "digital society of dependencies", where you benefit, also through the web intermediation, from activities (consumption of psychoactive substances, behaviors, relationships) considered to be individually and socially indispensable and rewarding although harmful to health.

Continued in the next page
Corposanto Cleto, Cipolla Costantino (a cura di), Le culture del cibo. Elementi di sociologia della condivisione alimentare (Food Cultures. Fundamentals of Sociology of Food sharing) Franco Angeli, Milano, 2018

The sociology of food is increasingly oriented towards the cultural dimension. This text aims to deepen the relationship between food and body but, at the same time, to turn the gaze also towards the dynamics that are triggered with the identity aspects, placing particular attention in the link that is inevitably established between food and territory along a imaginary journey that embraces the period of childhood to adulthood.

Nutrition is a complex social fact which today corresponds to an increasingly vast, stimulating analytical space rich in links and "contaminations", in which voices, experiences and perspectives must necessarily be confronted and integrated. The volume aims to be an opportunity to reflect on the role that food education plays in the growth paths of the social actor, on the role aimed at healthy eating; and, again, the problems related to unhealthy lifestyles, food certifications and the relationship between food and religion.


Over the last decade, Italy has witnessed a significant increase in the prevalence of childhood and juvenile obesity. The prevalence of childhood and juvenile obesity, common to most Western and European countries, produces important effects in the lives of today’s younger generations and can engender, in a medium-to long-term perspective, serious consequences for the physical health and well-being of future generations. Since 2008, the Global Financial Crisis (GFC) has accentuated an already existing process, by contributing to a decline in food quality, a deterioration in eating habits and an evident decrease in investments in healthcare. In Italy, these developments bring new and unfamiliar challenges for health promotion.


The aim of the paper is to propose a rethinking of the concept of epistemic communities in terms of their application in the discursive analysis of the field of healthcare. In the first part of the article, authors describe healthcare in the light of Pierre Bourdieu’s theory, and then the knowledge-power relations are presented in the discourses in the field. It serves to propose a relational approach to the various discursive actions generated by the three groups—epistemic communities, communities of practice and interest groups which are distinguished analytically from each other. Authors conclude by illustrating a possible way of operationalization of the proposed categories using the examples of discursive actions in the healthcare field in Poland.
New publications of ESA Members


"Social scientists have been invited several times to study the process of formation of various professions and to consult on this, with those organizing public policies" with the words Everett Hughes (1897-1983), Canadian sociologist, historical exponent of the first and second Chicago school, start one of its decisive contributions to the analysis of professions, their role in society, with particular attention to the sociology of medicine. Giuseppina Cersosimo, Professor at the University of Salerno, highlights this process in his introduction of the text of an essay, which she translated, unpublished in Italy by Hughes, *The doctor's education. Ideas and issues*, written in the middle of last century, modern, even at a distance of seventy years after its first publication, and the major work of the sociologist, *The sociological eye*, which gathers the main contributions. The essay, captures and confirms the ongoing transformation processes taking place in society as in the profession: "every great historic profession is linked not only to a group of techniques to perform some useful work, but in some aspect of life and/or in the same company", which confirms the historicity, the evolution of time, internal processes to the profession as to its specialties and specializations, all evidently influenced by ideas about men and life in society. And that historical link of the profession, which is so important for its topicality, recalls Hughes, simultaneously also influences the pattern of patients and the character of interaction between health professionals and patients, only to have effects in condition the medical career and to continually renew the idea of care. A reality of this type requires then searches that "follow the various leaders present" inside, considering history and historicity of the doctor, in the growing social presence and action.
Join the Research Network on Sociology of Health and Illness (RN-16) and the European Sociology Association (ESA)

The Network embraces research on the impact of changing social cultural and political factors on health within Europe and beyond. This includes but is not limited to themes such as health inequalities, health systems, health professions, migration and health, risk, gender and health, ethnicity and health, bioethics, new genetics, embodiment, lay beliefs and illness accounts. Members’ interest concern both physical and mental health and encompass theoretical as well as empirical research.

https://www.europeansociology.org/research-networks/rn16-sociology-health-and-illness

The Rn-16 has a mailing list and a Newsletter, the purpose of which is to carry announcements of RN activities, conference, books etc. relevant to the study of health and illness, facilitate exchange of information among list members and foster opportunities for collaborative research.

Become a Member

Do you want your voice to contribute to the development of sociology and sociological research in Europe?
Then join ESA because ESA is in the process of representing sociology at an international level, especially in negotiations about the framing of the European Research Area.

Do you want to have a chance to meet and communicate with other European sociologists?
Then join ESA because ESA organises the largest European sociological conference which takes place every 2 years in different parts of Europe. Previous conferences were held in Athens, Prague, Turin, Geneva, Lisbon, Glasgow, Torun, Murcia, Helsinki, Amsterdam, Essex, Budapest, Vienna.

Do you want to learn about the most recent sociological debates and ideas?
Then join ESA and you will receive free online access to both the ESA’s international peer-reviewed journals: European Societies and the European Journal of Cultural and Political Sociology.

Do you want to participate in research training as a post-graduate student?
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Do you want to keep abreast of the latest developments in your field?
Then join ESA where there are 37 Research Networks which organise meetings and conferences on a regular basis.

Do you want to find out about what is going on in sociology?
Then join ESA because you will get access to ESA’s online pinboard for conferences, job offers, new books and more. The e-journal European Sociologist is published three times a year and gives further news for sociologists.

Do you want to find research partners?
Then join ESA which represents the largest network of sociologists in Europe!

Join us at ESA!

Individual Membership of the ESA is open to the broad categories of all scholars who actively contribute to the scientific development of sociological knowledge in or on Europe. Regular membership is open to scholars who: carry out sociological research, teach sociology, have sociological jobs, are members of European national sociological associations or have academic degrees and training in Sociology. All members of the ESA receive non only the European Sociologist Newsletter, but also, if they are regular members, online copies of jour journal European Societies (Routledge). And all ESA members pay significantly reduced fees when they register at our biennial conferences! Registration to ESA lasts two calendar years, with a tolerance of two months.

To become a member of the ESA, submit an electronic membership at:
https://www.europeansociology.org/membership/become-a-member
Note from Newsletter Editors

A Special Issue of the Newsletter (Waves of RN-16) will be on:

Health, Illness and Inequality in the context of Rescaling European Welfare

This will involve short papers sent in by members of the ESA RN-16 Network (see below) to be submitted by 15 November 2018.

It is scheduled for February 2019.

We also welcome Notices and Calls for Papers and information regarding relevant topics or events in our field that might be of interest to members of RN-16 (e.g. report of a conference, critical book review, etc.). Short papers reporting a topic/research note in our area of study are also welcome.

These entries must be sent as a word file (see word Template on ESA RN-16 website).

Please note: no pdf files or email announcements will be considered!

Short papers should be limited to six pages (A4 format) and should not exceed 55,000 characters.

This is also a special opportunity for PhD Students and Young Researchers

Deadline: November 15, 2018 (write: p.paolo_guzzo@unicz.it; newsletter.rn16esa@gmail.com; sferlander@gmail.com indicating “Short Paper for Waves” in the Subject box). Please note that publication is at the Waves editors’ discretion. Thank you very much for your collaboration

Best regards

Pietro Paolo Guzzo, Maria Swiatkiewicz-Mosny
**INFO ESA RN-16**

**Renewal of RN-16 Membership**

Dear RN-16 members,

We should be very grateful if you would renew your membership. Please send an email to:

esa@europeansociology.org

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75270 Paris Cedex 06
France

Office hours: From Monday to Friday – 9.30am to 17.30pm (Paris time).

Phone: +33 140486444
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Thank you.